# Chico Hiking Association Botanical Guides



# Showy Flowers along the **Deer Creek hikes**

(Rocky Pool and Bigleaf Pool) (April-June)





#### **NOTES**

Best viewed in the Adobe Acrobat app. Choose Continuous Mode view setting (the links don't work in Reading Mode).

There is space for your notes at the bottom of the flower pages. You can make notes if you are using the Adobe Acrobat app with this document.

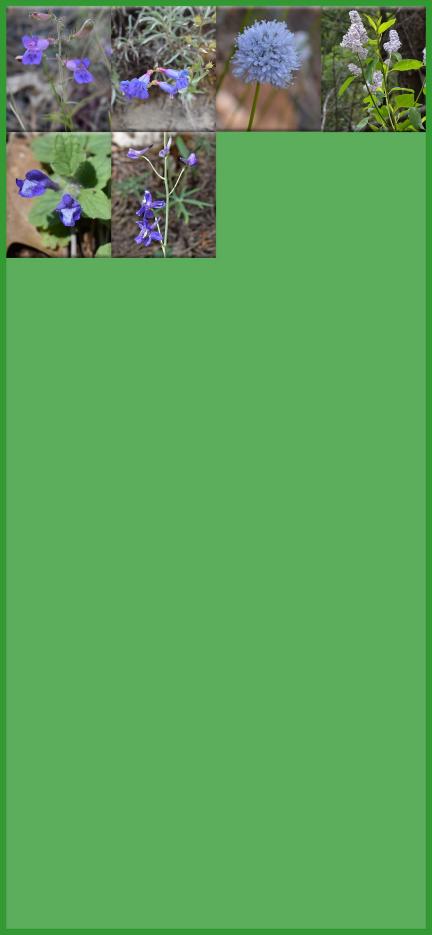


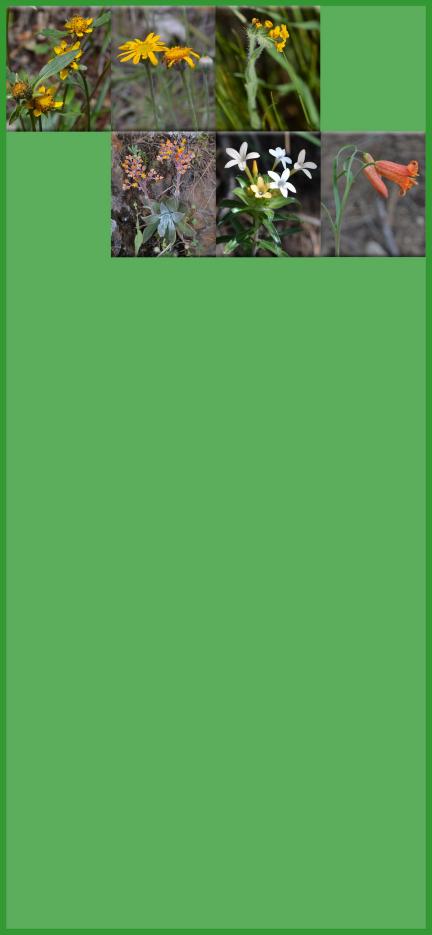




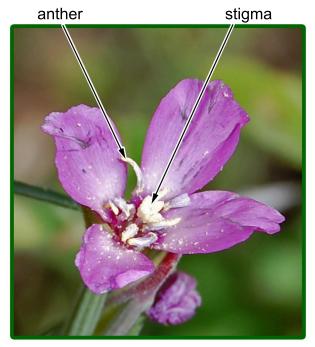












Stigma not exserted beyond anthers

#### Stigma is exserted beyond anthers



stigma anther

#### basal leaves wide



these two species intergrade (some plants are intermediate between the two)



basal leaves long, narrow

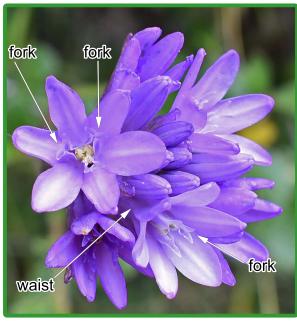
waist, no forks



no waist



waist, forks



small, fuzzy leaves



narrow, shiny leaves



large leaves



plant has no green



flowers have some white



bracts below flowers are entire, round discs



none of the above (this species has lots of variation in size and shape)





choose which leaves match your specimen



glabrous (smooth, no hairs, no glands)

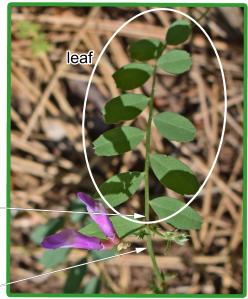




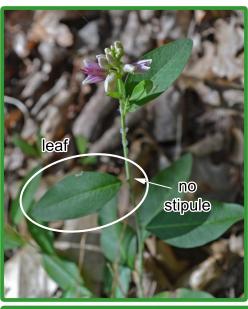
glandular

leaflets, sharply lobed stipules





no leaflets, no stipules





leaflets, stipules not sharply lobed



5 petals per flower and in clusters of 18 to many



5 petals per flower and in clusters of 2-5



4 petals per flower



#### glossy petals





sepals as big or bigger than the petals

# choose which leaves match your specimen



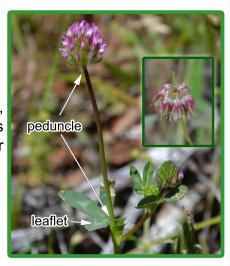
no visible peduncle





narrow leaflets

long peduncle, oval leaflets light purple in flower





long peduncle, oval leaflets. dark purple in flower

three leaflets from a common point



leaves simple (no leaflets), deep lobes, light green



leaves simple, dark green





### Angelica spp. ANGELICA

Around waist height. Likely to be found blooming in late June near the start of the Bigleaf Pool hike in partial shade.

Many species of Angelica across North America and Asia. Our local species are limited to northern and central California.



### Lomatium utriculatum COMMON LOMATIUM

Lower shin height. Look for them blooming in April and May in partly sunny areas.

Common in California, and up to British Columbia.



# Sanicula bipinnatifida PURPLE SANICLE, SHOE BUTTONS

Shin height. Look for them blooming in April and May in many places along the trails.

This same species usually has purple flowers in Bidwell Park.

They live in the West Coast from Baja to British Columbia.



#### Sanicula tuberosa TURKEY-PEA SANICLE

Shin height. They are found occasionally along the trails. Look for them blooming in April.

Widespread in California and Baja.



#### Tauschia kelloggii KELLOGG'S TAUSCHIA

Shin to knee height. Look for them blooming in April and May between First Creek and Dead Horse Creek. They are fairly common in that area.

They live in Northern California and southern Oregon.



#### Asclepias cordifolia PURPLE MILKWEED

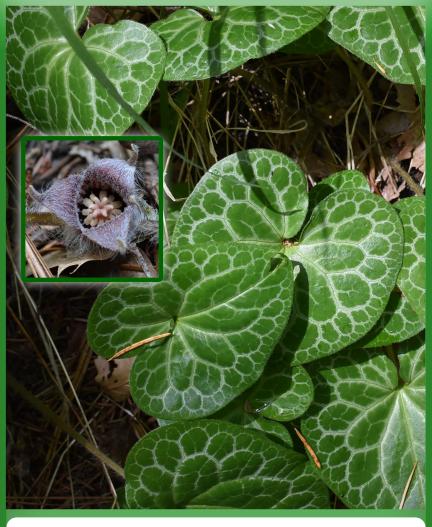
Found occasionally on this hike in partly sunny areas with medium depth soil. Around knee height.

Widespread in California, and some of Nevada and Oregon.

Observed to be popular with butterflies.

Likely found blooming in May.

Family: Apocynaceae



#### Asarum hartwegii HARTWEG'S WILD GINGER

Look under the ankle height leaves for the brown flowers at ground level. Fairly common on this hike, in mostly shaded areas in the forest.

Likely seen blooming in April and May.

Found only in California and southwest Oregon.

Family: Aristolochiaceae



## Agoseris heterophylla var. heterophylla ANNUAL AGOSERIS

Found at lower shin height in sunny or partly sunny areas. Flowers are closed when cool, rainy, and/or dark.

Widespread in western North America.

Look for them blooming in April and May.



#### Calycadenia truncata ROSIN WEED

Found occasionally on this hike. Favors sunny, grassy areas.

Look for them blooming at shin height in late May and June.

Lives over much of California and some of Oregon.



# Centaurea melitensis TOCALOTE; MALTESE STAR-THISTLE

Found in sunny areas, blooms in June at knee height. Not common on this hike.

Native to southern Europe. Considered a noxious weed by California Department of Food and Agriculture.



## Chaenactis glabriuscula var. heterocarpha INNER COAST RANGE PINCUSHION

Ankle height. Look for them blooming in May at the viewpoints between Dead Horse and Cedar Creeks, in full sun in shallow soil.

Lives in foothill areas across California.



#### Cirsium vulgare BULL THISTLE

Waist height. May be found blooming late May and July. Most likely to be found near the highway at the Deer Creek Trailhead.

Native to Europe. Considered a noxious weed by California Department of Food and Agriculture.



## Eriophyllum lanatum COMMON WOOLLY SUNFLOWER

Shin height. Found on sunny slopes. Look for them blooming in late May and June.

Common in California and some other Western states.



#### Helianthella californica CALIFORNIA HELIANTHELLA

Shin height. Look for them blooming mid-May to mid-June in partly shady areas between First Creek and Dead Horse Creek.

Lives in central and northern California, as well as southern Oregon and western Nevada.



### Hieracium albiflorum WHITE HAWKWEED

Shin to knee height. Look for them in mixed sun/shade in June.

Lives in The West, including Alaska and western Canada.



#### Lessingia nemaclada SLENDERSTEM LESSINGIA

Ankle height. Found only occasionally on these trails. Look for it blooming in sunny bare areas in June.

Found widely in California



#### Leucanthemum vulgare OX-EYE DAISY

Upper shin height. Look for them blooming in late June along the trail to Bigleaf Pool. Not common here.

Native to Europe, has spread widely to other parts of the world.



### Madia gracilis GUMWEED

Shin height. Look for them blooming in late May and early June in sunny areas.

Lives over much of western North America.



## Malacothrix floccifera WOOLLY MALACOTHRIX

Shin height. Look for them blooming along the trail to Bigleaf Pool in late May and early June.

Lives over much of California, and a little of Nevada.



### Microseris nutans NODDING MICROSERIS

Shin height. Look for them blooming in May between Dead Horse Creek and Rocky Pool.

Lives in much of western North America.



### Taraxacum officinale COMMON DANDELION

Ankle height. Found occasionally blooming in April.

Native to Europe. Widespread in California, except for desert wildlands.

Blooms year round in the right conditions.



#### Tragopogon dubius YELLOW SALSIFY

Knee height. Uncommon on this hike. Look for them blooming in late May and early June between Cedar Creek and Wilson Creek.

Native to Europe. Found widely in California now.



#### Wyethia angustifolia NARROW-LEAF MULE'S EARS

Look for them blooming in late May and June. There is a big patch of them between Cedar Creek and Wilson Creek.

Found in much of California, Oregon, and Washington.



### Amsinckia spp. FIDDLENECK

The fiddlenecks are found in sunny, grassy area at lower shin height.

Likely blooming in April and May. Found just occasionally here, but common at lower elevations in Sacramento Valley and Foothills.

Common in western North America and southwestern South America.



## Lithospermum spp. STONESEED

Shin height. Found only rarely on these hikes. Look for them blooming along the trail to Bigleaf Pool around the end of April.

Lives in Pacific Coast states.



### Nemophila heterophylla VARIABLE-LEAVED NEMOPHILA

Ankle height. Common. Look for them blooming in April and early May in in partly shaded areas.

Lives in California and Oregon



#### Phacelia purpusii PURPUS' PHACELIA

Lower shin height. Not often found in this area. Look along the trail between Dead Horse Creek and the viewpoints in late May

Lives in the California Cascade Range and Sierra Nevada.



## Phacelia spp. PHACELIA

Upper shin height. There is a nice patch 0.1 mi to the east of Dead Horse Creek, look for them blooming in May.

The Phacelias are found in the Americas.



## Plagiobothrys spp. POPCORNFLOWER

Lower shin height. Abundant in the Sacramento Valley, seen occasionally here. Look for them in April.

They live on the western parts of the Americas, northeast Asia, and Australia.



### Calycanthus occidentalis SWEET-SHRUB, SPICEBUSH

A large shrub found along creeks. Look for them at the Dead Horse Creek crossing. Expect them to be blooming in June.

Smell the aromatic leaves.

Is native just in California, mainly the foothills of the Sierra and Cascades Ranges, and in the Bay Area.

Used horticulturally as an ornamental garden plant.

Family: Calycanthaceae



#### Lonicera spp. HONEYSUCKLE

These are a vine which grows up shrubs. Look for them blooming in May and June. Not common on these hikes.

They live California, Arizona, and southern Oregon.

Family: Caprifoliaceae



### Minuartia californica CALIFORNIA SANDWORT

Ankle height. Look for them blooming in May on the rocky viewpoints between Dead Horse Creek and Cedar Creek.

Lives in southern Oregon and much of California.

Family: Caryophyllaceae



#### Petrorhagia dubia WILDING PINK

Lower shin height. Look for them blooming in open, sunny areas in May.

Native to southern Europe and northern Africa. Now lives in large parts of the United States.

Family: Caryophyllaceae



#### Comandra umbellata subsp. californica STAR TOADFLAX

Shin height. Look for them blooming in late April and May between First Creek and Dead Horse Creek.

Found in the West Coast states and part of Arizona. In California lives at elevations from 1000' to 9000' from dry desert to wet mountains.

Family: Comandraceae



## Calystegia occidentalis subsp. occidentalis WESTERN MORNING-GLORY

This is a vine and may be along the ground or twining on shrubs. It is found occasionally on this hike in mostly sunny areas.

Look for them in late May and early June along the trail to Bigleaf Pool.

Lives in northern California and southern Oregon.

Family: Convolvulaceae



#### Cornus glabrata BROWN DOGWOOD

A shrub maybe chest height. There is a specimen on the rock ledges at Rocky Pool. It is growing entangled with a Wild Mock Orange and a Bitter Cherry.

Look for it blooming in late May.

They live in California and Oregon.

Family: Cornaceae



#### Cornus nuttallii MOUNTAIN DOGWOOD

A large shrub or small tree. Look for them scattered in shady locations along the trail and down along Deer Creek below.

Likely blooming in May.

Found in the West Coast state, British Columbia, and Idaho.

Family: Cornaceae



## Dudleya cymosa subsp. cymosa CANYON DUDLEYA

Upper ankle height. Look for them in the rock outcrops at the viewpoints between Dead Horse Creek and Cedar Creek. Blooming in late May and early June.

Found from Los Angeles canyons to Mill Creek (a little north of Deer Creek).

Family: Crassulaceae



## Arctostaphylos spp. MANZANITA

There are a few Manzanitas along this hike. They are a large shrub, some taller than we are.

The flowers are distinctive urn-shaped. Generally, have red, smooth bark. Bears eat the fruit.

Manzanita live in many places, but California has an especially wide variety.

One of the earliest bloomers March and into early April.

Family: Ericaceae



#### Pyrola aphylla LEAFLESS WINTERGREEN

Lower shin height. Uncommon. Look for them blooming in June along the trail to Bigleaf Pool.

Lives in the West Coast from Baja to British Columbia.

Family: Ericaceae



## Acmispon spp. DEERVETCH, DEERWEED

Look for them around ankle height in the thin soil in open sun. The rocky views points are a likely spot.

They live in the Southwest US, and part of Mexico.

Mostly likely to be found blooming in May.



#### Astragalus pauperculus DEPAUPERATE MILKVETCH

This is found at ankle height in thin soils overlaying bedrock in open sunny areas. There is an abundant patch at the viewpoint between Dead Horse Creek and Cedar Creek. It lives there in association with the Kellogg's Clarkia.

Look for it blooming in April.

It is considered a rare species, as it lives only in the Sacramento Valley and eastern foothills area.



### Cercis occidentalis WESTERN REDBUD

A large shrub found in full sun to partial shade. April to mid-May is a good time to look for it blooming.

Widespread in California, and out to Texas, Utah, and Oregon.

A useful and attractive landscape plant for dry summer locales.



#### Lathyrus WILD PEA

Shin height. Look for these blooming May to early June in many locations along the trails.

There are two or three species of purple Wild Peas that overlap or hybridize here, so we call them by their genus name. Another wild pea is brown, and we have a page on it by its species name (Snub Pea).

They live in the West Coast states.



### Lathyrus sulphureus SNUB PEA

Lower shin height. Look for them blooming in May in partial shade. Only found occasionally.

Lives in California and southwest Oregon.



#### Lupinus spp. LUPINE

Shin height. Look for them blooming most of the springtime along many parts of the trail.

Widespread across California and much of the world.



## Trifolium albopurpureum COMMON RANCHERIA CLOVER

Ankle height. Found blooming at second viewpoint between Dead Horse Creek and Cedar Creek in early May.

Lives in the West Coast from Baja to British Columbia.



# Trifolium ciliolatum FOOTHILL CLOVER

Lower shin height. Found occasionally on these hikes. Look for them blooming in May in among grasses.

They live in the West Coast from Baja to Washington.



#### Trifolium dubium LITTLE HOP CLOVER

Ankle height. Found occasionally on these hikes. Look for them blooming in May.

Native to Europe, now lives in much of the United States.



### Trifolium hirtum ROSE CLOVER

Ankle height. Found occasionally on these hikes. Look for them blooming in May.

Native to Eurasia and northern Africa. Now live in many of the United States.

Family: Fabaceae



### Trifolium willdenovii TOMCAT CLOVER

Lower shin height. Seen occasionally on these hikes. Look for them blooming along the Bigleaf Pool trail in May.

They live various places in western North American, and also in South America.

Family: Fabaceae



### Vicia americana subsp. americana AMERICAN VETCH

A vine at ankle or shin height. Fairly common. Look for the blooming in May and June on the forest floor.

Lives over much of North America.

Family: Fabaceae



## Erodium cicutarium REDSTEM FILAREE

Ankle height. Look for them in April and May in the thin soil in full sun at the viewpoints between Dead Horse Creek and Cedar Creek.

Native to Eurasia, now widespread in the United States.

Family: Geraniaceae



### Geranium spp. GERANIUM

Ankle height. Not often found on these trails. Look for them blooming in the grass near Wilson Creek in May.

These geraniums are widespread around the world.

Family: Geraniaceae



### Ribes roezlii SIERRAN GOOSEBERRY

Shin height. Look for them blooming in early April along the trail to Bigleaf Pool.

They live in California and Oregon.

Family: Grossulariaceae



### Philadelphus lewisii WILD MOCK ORANGE

Large shrub. Look for them blooming in June. There is one growing in the rock ledges at Rocky Pool.

They live California to British Columbia and Montana.

It is used horticulturally as a landscape plant.

It is the official State Flower of Idaho.

Family: Hydrangeaceae



### Iris tenuissima subsp. purdyiformis VERY SLENDER IRIS

Shin height. Look for them blooming under trees in late April and May. Common on the trail to Bigleaf Pool.

Lives in the Cascade Range to the east of the Sacramento Valley.

Family: Iridaceae



### Monardella breweri subsp. lanceolata MUSTANG MINT

Shin height. Look for them blooming in late June in mostly sunny areas.

Grows in California and part of Nevada and Baja.

Family: Lamiaceae



### Scutellaria californica CALIFORNIA SKULLCAP

Shin height. Uncommon. Look for them blooming in June along the trail to Bigleaf Pool.

Lives in Northern California.

Family: Lamiaceae



### Scutellaria tuberosa DANNY'S SKULLCAP

Ankle height. Uncommon on this hike. Look for them blooming in early May in the vicinity of Wilson Creek.

They live in Baja, California, and Oregon.

They are more common after fires.

Family: Lamiaceae



### Calochortus monophyllus YELLOW STAR-TULIP

Common on this hike. Found at ankle height in mostly sunny soils.

Look for them blooming in April and May.

Lives just in the foothills of the Sierra Nevada and southern Cascades.

Family: Liliaceae



### Fritillaria recurva SCARLET FRITILLARY

Knee height. Look for them blooming in April in many locations along the trails.

Lives in Northern California and western Nevada.

Family: Liliaceae



# Claytonia parviflora subsp. parviflora SMALL-FLOWERED SPRING BEAUTY

Variable in size, but generally ankle height. Often found in shady damp areas. Look for them blooming in April and May.

Common and widespread across California and much of western North America.

Family: Montiaceae



### Claytonia rubra subsp. rubra RED-STEMMED MINER'S LETTUCE

Ankle height. Look for them blooming in partial shade in April.

Widespread in California and much of western North America.

Family: Montiaceae



### Lysimachia latifolia PACIFIC STARFLOWER

Ankle height. Look for them blooming in May along the trail to Bigleaf Pool, also from the trailhead to First Creek.

Lives in the West Coast from California to British Columbia.

Family: Myrsinaceae



### Clarkia arcuata KELLOGG'S CLARKIA

Shin height. Likes thin soils on top of rock outcrops, and full sun.

There is a dramatic patch of them at the viewpoint between Dead Horse Creek and Cedar Creek. Look for them in May and June.

They live only lower slopes of the mountains on the east side of California's Great Central Valley.



### Clarkia lassenensis LASSEN CLARKIA

Shin height. Look for them blooming along the trail to Bigleaf Pool in late May and early June.

Lives in Northern California, parts of Nevada and Oregon.



## Clarkia rhomboidea DIAMOND-PETALLED CLARKIA

Found occasionally on this hike, likely in partial shade in deeper soils. Shin height. Look for them in late May and early June.

Lives across the western United States and Baja. Common in California.



# **Epilobium foliosum** FOLIOSE WILLOWHERB

Lower shin height. Not common on this hike. Look for them in the shallow soil and open sun at the viewpoints between Dead Horse Creek and Cedar Creek.

Found in much of western North America.



### Piperia transversa FLAT SPURRED PIPERIA

Knee height. Not common. Look for them blooming in June between Cedar and Wilson Creeks.

Lives in the West Coast California up to British Columbia.

Family: Orchidaceae



## Aphyllon fasciculatum CLUSTERED BROOMRAPE

Found occasionally on these hikes. Look in dry, bare soils above the roots of shrubs. They are about ankle height and have no green.

They are parasitic on other plants' roots, likely Common Woolly Sunflower, Phacelia, or Yerba Santa.

They live in much of western North America.

Family: Orobanchaceae



#### Pedicularis densiflora WARRIOR'S PLUME

Ankle height. They are common on the trail from Highway 32 to Bigleaf Pool and are found elsewhere as well. Look for them blooming in April and early May.

Lives in much of California and southern Oregon

Family: Orobanchaceae



### **Diplacus kelloggii** KELLOGG'S MONKEYFLOWER

Ankle height. Found in thin soil in sunny area near Rocky Pool. Look for them in May.

Lives in northern California and southwest Oregon.



# Erythranthe bicolor YELLOW AND WHITE MONKEYFLOWER

Ankle height. Not often seen. Look for them between First Cr and Dead Horse Creek in mid-May.

Found in northern and central California



### Erythranthe glaucescens SHIELD-BRACTED MONKEYFLOWER

Ankle height.

Considered a rare species, but fairly common in our hiking area. Look for them in wet areas in late-April and May. Especially common in a seep area along the trail to Bigleaf Pool.

Lives in the foothills of the west side of the Sacramento Valley.



### Erythranthe guttata COMMON MONKEYFLOWER, SEEP MONKEYFLOWER

Ankle to knee height. Common, especially in wet areas. Look for them blooming April-June.

Lives over much of North America from Mexico to Alaska.



### Collinsia sparsiflora FEW-FLOWERED BLUE-EYED MARY

Found at ankle height in thin soil areas. Likely blooming in April.

Widespread in California and part of Oregon.



### Collinsia tinctoria STICKY CHINESE-HOUSES

Likely found blooming in June in partly shady areas. Lower shin height.

Found in the southern Cascade Range, Sierra Nevada, and Bay Area.



### Penstemon azureus AZURE PENSTEMON

Shin height. Look for them blooming near the viewpoints between Dead Horse Creek and Cedar Creek in late May and early June.

Lives in California and part of Oregon



## Penstemon neotericus PLUMAS COUNTY BEARDTONGUE

Shin height. Look for them blooming between Dead Horse Creek and Cedar Creek in June.

Lives only in the mountains to the east of our Sacramento Valley.



### Collomia grandiflora LARGE-FLOWERED COLLOMIA

Ankle height. Not common on this hike. May be found flowering in June along the trail to Bigleaf Pool.

Widespread in western North America, has naturalized in Europe.

Family: Polemoniaceae



### Gilia capitata BLUEHEAD GILIA

Shin height. Look for them blooming in late May and early June in many places along these trails.

Lives in the West Coast Baja to British Columbia, and Idaho and Arizona.

Family: Polemoniaceae



#### Microsteris gracilis SLENDER PHLOX

Variable in size, ankle to shin height. Blooming time variable, April to June. Found in various locations along the trail, as a few plants here or there.

Found over much of western North America, Mexico, and South America.

Family: Polemoniaceae



### Polygala cornuta var. cornuta SIERRA MILKWORT

Upper ankle height. Seen occasionally, look for them blooming in June.

Lives in northern and central California in the Klamath, Cascade, and Sierra Nevada mountains.

Family: Polygalaceae



### Chorizanthe membranacea PINK SPINEFLOWER

Shin height. Not often seen here. Found blooming end of May or early June.

Widespread across California and south-central Oregon.

Family: Polygonaceae



#### **Delphinium gracilentum** SLENDER or GREENE'S LARKSPUR

Shin height. Look for them blooming in May in partly sunny areas.

Lives in the Sierra Nevada and California portion of the Cascade Range.

Family: Ranunculaceae



#### Ranunculus occidentalis WESTERN BUTTERCUP

Shin height. Common. Likely to find blooming in April and May in partially shaded areas.

Lives in the West Coast area of North America.

Family: Ranunculaceae



### Ceanothus cuneatus var. cuneatus BUCKBRUSH

A common large shrub along this hike. Look for them blooming in April.

Widespread in northern Baja, California, and Oregon.

Family: Rhamnaceae



### Ceanothus integerrimus DEER BRUSH

A common large shrub along this hike.

Look for them blooming in late May and June.

Widespread from northern Mexico to Washington state.

Family: Rhamnaceae



#### Drymocallis glandulosa STICKY CINQUEFOIL

Shin height. Look for them a little before Dead Horse Creek blooming in May and early June.

Lives in western United States and British Columbia.



#### Horkelia tridentata var. tridentata THREE-TOOTHED HORKELIA

Knee height. Look for them trailside a hundred yards east of Cedar Creek.

Lives in northern California and southern Oregon.



### Prunus subcordata PACIFIC PLUM

A large shrub or small tree. Not common. Look for them blooming in April.

Lives in California and southern Oregon.



#### Prunus virginiana var. demissa WESTERN CHOKE CHERRY

A large shrub or small tree. Found occasionally on these hikes. Look for one blooming on the rock ledges at Rocky Pool.

Lives over a wide area of western North America.



#### Rosa spp. WILD ROSE

Waist height. Look for them blooming in May in shaded area between First Creek and Dead Horse Creek.

They live in northern temperate zones of the world.



#### Rubus ursinus CALIFORNIA BLACKBERRY

A shin height bushy vine. Look for them blooming in May next to Cedar Creek.

Lives in the West Coast from Baja to British Columbia, as well as Idaho.



### Darmera peltata UMBRELLA PLANT

Our signature species along the Deer Creek hikes.

Around waist high. Their roots are generally under water much of the year, attached to rock in the creek beds.

The flower stalk sprouts through the water, and later the huge (up to three foot diameter) leaves grow.

Look for them at First Creek, Bigleaf Pool, and Rocky Pool. Where there is a view down to Deer Creek they can frequently be seen as well.

They live only in central and northern California and southwest Oregon. Look for them blooming in late April and early May.

Family: Saxifragaceae



## **Lithophragma spp.** WOODLAND STAR

Shin height. Look for them blooming in April and May in partly shaded areas.

Lives across much of California.

Family: Saxifragaceae



#### Solanum parishii PARISH'S NIGHTSHADE

Shin height. Look for them blooming in May between First Creek and Dead Horse Creek.

They live in Baja, California, and Oregon.

Many nightshades are toxic.

Family: Solanaceae



#### Brodiaea elegans subsp. elegans HARVEST BRODIAEA

These are found occasionally on this hike in mostly sunny, grassy areas. They are shin height, and bloom in June.

Is widespread in California.



# Dichelostemma capitatum BLUE DICKS

One of California's best known wildflowers. Lives in every botanical geographical subdivision in the state, from desert, to high mountains, to coast. Also lives in adjacent parts Oregon and northern Mexico.

Shin height. Look for it blooming in April and May.



#### Dichelostemma congestum FORK-TOOTHED OOKOW

Shin height. Look for them blooming in May.

Lives in northern California and north to British Columbia.



## Dichelostemma multiflorum WILD HYACINTH

Shin height. Look for them blooming end of May and June.

Found in northern California and southwest Oregon.



#### Triteleia hyacinthina WHITE BRODIAEA, FOOL'S ONION

Knee height. Look for them blooming in late May and June at Rocky Pool.

Found on the West Coast from California to British Columbia, and also Idaho.



#### Plectritis macrocera LONGHORN PLECTRITIS

Ankle height. Seen occasionally. Look for them blooming along the trail to Bigleaf Pool in April.

Lives in western North America.

Family: Valerianaceae



# Viola lobata PINE VIOLET, YELLOW WOOD VIOLET

Ankle height. Fairly common on these hikes. Look for them blooming on the forest floor in April, May, and June.

Lives in California, Oregon, and Baja.

Family: Violaceae



#### Viola purpurea subsp. purpurea MOUNTAIN VIOLET

Ankle height. Found occasionally on these hikes. Look for the blooming on the forest floor in April and May.

Lives in California, Oregon, and northern Baja.

Family: Violaceae



#### Viola sheltonii SHELTON'S VIOLET

Ankle height. Common on the trail to Bigleaf Pool, but often are vegetative only and lack blooms. Best time to find blooms is early April.

Lives over much of The West.

Family: Violaceae